**Remove character**

[string](http://www.practice.geeksforgeeks.org/tag-page.php?tag=string&isCmp=0)[amazon](http://www.practice.geeksforgeeks.org/tag-page.php?tag=amazon&isCmp=1)

Given two strings s1 & s2, remove those characters from first string which are present in second string. Both the strings are different and contain only lowercase characters.

**Input:**

The first line of input contains an integer T denoting the number of test cases.  
The first line of each test case is s1,s1 is first string.  
The second line of each test case contains s2,s2 is second string.  
  
**Output:**

Print the modified string(s1). For each test case, print the output in a new line.  
  
**Constraints:**

1 ≤ T ≤ 15  
1 ≤ s2 < s1 ≤ 50  
  
**Example:**

**Input:**  
2  
geeksforgeeks  
mask  
removeccharaterfrom  
string

**Output:**  
geeforgee

emovecchaaefom

\*\*For More Examples Use Expected Output\*\*

<http://www.practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problem-page.php?pid=550>

**import** java.util.\*;

**import** java.lang.\*;

**import** java.io.\*;

**class** GFG {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

*// TODO code application logic here*

        Scanner sc = **new** Scanner(System.in);

**int** t = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());

**while**(t-- > 0) {

            String s1 = sc.nextLine();

            String s2 = sc.nextLine();

            String ans = "";

**for**(**int** i =0; i < s1.length(); i++) {

**if**( s2.indexOf( ""+ s1.charAt(i) ) == -1) {

                     ans += s1.charAt(i);

                 }

            }

            System.out.println(ans);

        }

    }

}